

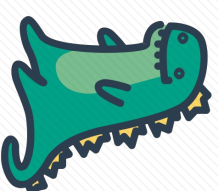


A Study of Monsters and Mice of American Industry

The Yu (zyu9@ncsu.edu)

Advisor: Tim Menzies

How To Be Rich



I. What

Analyzing the connections between US public companies, we find two types of companies:

- **Monsters:** companies connected with each other via shared board of directors.
- **Mice:** companies that are isolated from others

II. Hypothesis

Board members of Monsters have more insights and resources than those of Mice, therefore:

- Monsters are more likely to success
- Investing on Monsters is more profitable

The rest of this study tests whether this hypothesis is true.

III. How

Data source:

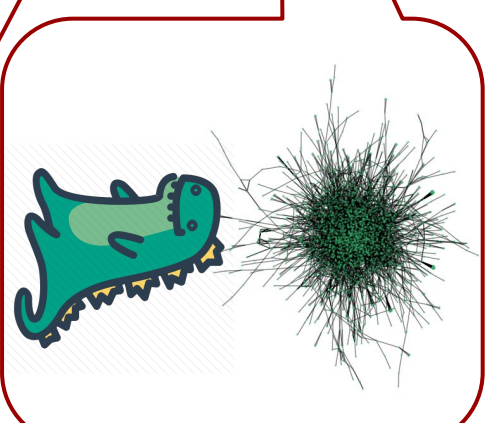
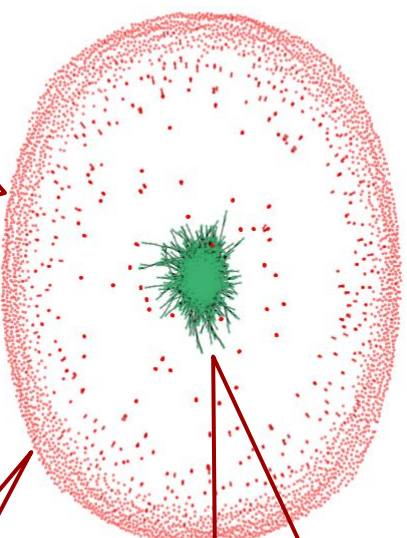
10-K filings on sec.gov

Extract board of directors from 10-K filings:

- Named entity recognition
 - Acceptable recall but very low precision
 - Cannot tell which ones are board members
- Rule-based algorithm
 - Identify the signature block
 - Divide signature block by “/s/”
 - Usually, names followed by “/s/” are board members
 - About ten rules to tackle edge cases and ensure that names extracted are accurate and complete.
 - Recall = 99.2% and Precision is about 100%

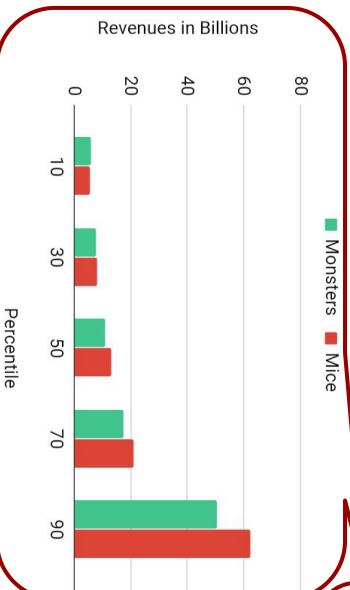
Construct and analyze the social network:

- Connect companies with mutual board of directors
- Find connected components



HPCC SYSTEMS®

The key to scalability:
2867 Monsters,
4241 Mice.



20% (up to \$12 billions) richer in revenues

IV. Conclusion

- Monsters can't focus as well as mice on the many small details required to make a company more profitable.
- Investing on mice is more profitable.

V. Future Work

- Construct graphs on HPCC Systems® to utilize built-in algorithms
- Automated visualization with @hpcc-js
- Analyze the social network change across several years